

The Hong Kong

Kong

Daily

Press.

No. 9616

日二初月六四十九

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JULY 10TH, 1888.

二年禮

號十月七英港香

PRICE \$2⁵ PER MONTH

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 8, JOHN NICHOLSON, British barque, 685.
W. Quina, London 1st March.—General
MELCHERS & Co.

July 9, FU-YEW, Chinese str., 936, Graham,
Shanghai, General—C. M. S. N. Co.

July 9, DIAMANTE, British steamer, 514, Mo-
cchia, Manila 6th July, General—ROS-
SELL & Co.

July 9, ANCHISES, British str., 1,304, Wm. P.
Leroy, London 26th May, and Singapore
3rd July, General—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

July 9, CITY OF SYDNEY, Am. str., 3,010, D. E.
Friede, San Francisco 12th June, and Yoko-
hama 3rd July, Mails and General—P. M.
S. Co.

July 9, ALBANY, British steamer, 1,489, E. Por-
ter, Saigon 5th July, Rice and Paddy.—
ADAMSON, BELL & Co.

July 9, CAMBODIA, British steamer, 1,962, A.
Wildgoose, Hamburg 20th May, and Singa-
pore 2nd July, General—JUINELL & Co.

July 9, CHIANG, British steamer, 1,630, A.
George, Saigon 6th July, Rice and Paddy.—
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

July 9, PHANHONG, British steamer, 1,122, Har-
ris, Foochow 4th July, and Amoy 8th, Boats
and General—DOUGLAS LAPRAK & Co.

July 9, ACTIV, Danish steamer, 355, A. C. Re-
beck, Helsingør 7th July, General—ARN-
HOLD, KARBERG & Co.

July 9, INDIA, Portuguese transport, S. Gu-
man, from Macao.

CLEARANCES.

AT THE HARBOURMASTER'S OFFICE
ON JULY

Auctions, British str., for Amyo.
Triumph, German str., for Foochow.
Haiphong, British str., for Whampoa.
Haiphong, German str., for Saigon.
Soochow, British str., for Swatow.
Caudizie, British str., for Shanghai.
Ela Nicoll, German bark, for San Francisco.

DEPARTURES.

July 8, VICTORIA, British str., for Nagasaki.
July 9, KWANG-LEE, Chinese str., for Whampoa.

July 9, ANOY, British str., for Shanghai.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Diamante, str., from Manila—1 European
and 8 Chinese, deck.

Per Amyo, str., from Shanghai—8 Chinese.

Per Andaman, str., from London, &c.—Mauritius.

Per Frans, Cousin, Leo, Mr. and Miss Frater,
and 32 Chinese, from Singapore.

Per Cicero, str., from Saigon—24 Chinese.

Per Albatross, str., from Haiphong, &c.—400
Chinese.

Per City of Sydney, str., from San Francisco,
&c.—Mrs. G. Maynard, 1 European and 248
Chinese.

Per Andaman, str., from Coast Ports.—Mr.
F. Goldil, and 13 Chinese.

Per Actis, str., from Hoochow—2 Europeans
and 20 Chinese.

REPORTS.

The British steamer Albany, from Saigon 5th
July, reports had light to moderate S.W. winds;
thence to port fresh N.E. winds.

The Chinese steamer Fu-yew, from Shanghai,
reports had moderate variable winds with
occasional rain showers throughout.

The British steamer Diamante, from Manila
6th July, reports first part of passage had light
northerly winds; latter part with fresh to strong
from E.N.E. with high sea and cloudy weather.

The British steamer Cicero, from Saigon 5th
July, reports from Shaukou to lat. 23° N. light
variable airs and fine weather; thence to port
very strong D.N.E. gale, hard rain squalls, and
tremendous onsets swell.

The American steamer City of Sydney, from
San Francisco 10th June, and Yokohama 3rd
July, reports from Yokohama to Cape Seatao
S.W. winds with heavy rain squalls; thence to
port strong E.N.E. wind and sea.

The British steamer Haiphong, from Foochow
4th July, and Amyo 8th, reports from Foochow
to Amyo experienced light S. and S.S.W. winds
with fine weather; thence to port light vari-
able winds with S. to S.S.E. swell. In Foochow
str., Grecian, Tara, and Angora. In Amyo str.,
Folkestone, Diamond, and Chefoo.

AMOY SHIPPING.

JUNE.

26, Haibang, British str., from Hongkong.
27, Glenbrook, British str., from Hongkong.
27, Nameless, British str., from Foochow.
27, Nameless, C.R. cruiser, from a cruise.
28, Alveo Sord, German str., from Nanchang.
28, Perseus, British str., from Tamsui.
28, Orsetta, British str., from Hongkong.
28, Ping Ching, C.R. cruiser, from Lighthouses.
29, Diamante, British str., from Hongkong.
29, Fa-yew, Chinese str., from Swatow.
30, Tepon, Chinese str., from Swatow.
30, Haiphong, British str., from Hongkong.
30, Nameless, British str., from Foochow.
30, Nameless, Chinese str., from Shanghai.
30, Chin Chang, Chinese str., from Shanghai.
30, Nan Sheng, Chinese str., from Shanghai.
30, Nan Sheng, Chinese str., from Shanghai.
30, Fa Mu, Chinese str., from Shanghai.
June—Departures.

25, Taiwan, British str., for Swatow.

25, Taiwan, British str., for Swatow.

25, Galveston, German bark, for Foochow.

25, Nameless, British str., for Foochow.

25, Alveo Sord, German str., from Nanchang.

25, Perseus, British str., from Tamsui.

25, Orsetta, British str., from Hongkong.

25, Ping Ching, C.R. cruiser, for Lighthouses.

25, Grecian, Tara, and Angora. In Amyo str.,
Folkestone, Diamond, and Chefoo.

SILICATED CARBON FILTERS.

INTIMATIONS.

A TTENTION is directed to the following
formal notice published by the
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

These Policies are Polices by a fixed
number of premiums, each pre-
mium securing a proportionate
part of the sum insured in the
event of the Policy being dis-
continued. For example, a person
who is assured for \$1,000 with
premiums decreasing to 10 cents,
will receive a discount on his
payments at the end of 5 years,
and will receive a Policy for \$500,
of which no further or arbitrary
premiums would require to be
paid.

These Policies are payable to
the Life assured on his attaining
the age of 45, 50, 55, 60 or 65
or to be paid up, provided that
no claim has been made upon
them.

These Policies are specially
suited for residents in the East who are in
a position to pay a moderate premium while in
receipt of a good income, and who do not wish to be
burdened with the payment of premiums when
they retire to England, or from business,

Full particulars as to rates, &c., may be
obtained on application to the
BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED,
Agents, Hongkong.

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

INVESTED FUNDS EXCEED
\$250,000.

ANNUAL INCOME EXCEEDS
\$42,000.

KELLY & WALSH, LIMITED.

Greville Memoirs, 3 Vols., reward cheaper Ed.

Audrey and Grosvenor Gallery Notes.

Boating—New Volumes of "The Badminton
Library."

BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAIBANKING
CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$7,500,000

RESERVE FUND 3,900,000

RESERVE/LIABILITY OF PROTECTIONS 7,500,000

COVEN OF DIRECTORS.—

John Hall, B.L.D.—Chairman.

W. H. Forbes, Esq.—Deputy Chairman.

C. D. Bothamley, Esq.

W. G. Brods, Esq.

H. L. Delaplane, Esq.

L. F. Fawcett, Esq.

B. L. Lovett, Esq.

B. A. Somers, Esq.

Chief Manager.—THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.

Hongkong—MANAGER.

Shanghai—EWEN CAMERON, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANK.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit Account at the rate of
2 per cent. per Annun. on the daily balance.

On Fixed Deposits—

For 3 months 3 per cent. per Annun.

For 6 months 4 per cent. per Annun.

For 12 months 5 per cent. per Annun.

LOCATE.—

CREATED, granted on approved Securities, and
every description of Banking and Exchange
business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London and the chief
commercial places in Europe, India, Australia,
America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong—25th April, 1888.

NOTICE.

RULES OF THE HONGKONG
SAVINGS BANK.

1.—The business of the above Bank will be
conducted by the Hongkong and Shanghai
Banking Corporation, on their premises in
Hongkong. Business hours on weekdays, 10
to 5; Saturday, 10 to 1.

2.—Sum less than \$1, or more than \$250 at
one time will not be received. No deposit
may be deposited in an account.

Depositors in the Savings Bank having
\$100 or more at their credit may at their option
transfer the same to the Hongkong and Shang-
hai Banking Corporation on fixed deposit for
12 months at 5 per cent. per annum interest.

3.—Interest at the rate of 5% per cent. per
annum will be allowed to Depositors on their
daily balances.

4.—Depositors will be supplied gratis
with a Pass-Book, which must be presented with
each payment or withdrawal. Depositors must
not make any entries themselves in their Pass-
Books, but should send them to be written up
at least twice a year, about the beginning of
January and beginning of July.

5.—Correspondence as to the business of the
Bank is marked on Hongkong Savings Bank
Branches, and forwarded to the various
Post Offices in Hongkong and China.

6.—Withdrawals may be made on demand,
but the personal attendance of the Depositor or
his duly appointed Agent, and the production of
his Pass-Book are necessary.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK-
ING CORPORATION.

T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 1st September, 1888.

THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK
CORPORATION, LIMITED.

APPROVED CAPITAL \$2,000,000.

Paid Up 2,500,000.

Registered Office, 40, THREDBURNERS STREET,
LONDON.

BRANCHES IN INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN
AND THE COLONIES.

THIS BANK receives money on Deposit,
Bonds and Bills of Exchange, issues
Letters of Credit, forwards Bills for Collection,
and Transacts Banking and Agency Business
generally on terms to be had on application.

Interest allowed on Deposits—

Fixed for 1 month 2 per cent. per Annun.

For 3 months 3 per cent. per Annun.

For 6 months 4 per cent. per Annun.

On Current Deposit Accounts 2 per cent. per
Annun. on the daily balance.

APPROVED CLAIMS on the ORIENTAL
BANK CORPORATION, in Liquidation, or the
BALANCE of such Claims purchased on
a subsequent date.

Agency of the NATIONAL LIFE ASSURANCE
SOCIETY.

E. W. RUTTER,
Manager, Hongkong Branch.

HONGKONG HIGH LEVEL
TRAMWAYS COMPANY,
LIMITED.

THE PEAK TRAM-WAY was OPENED
on the 30th May.

THE CARS RUN as follows between ST.
JOHN'S PLACE and VICTORIA GATE—

8 to 10 A.M. every quarter of an hour.

12 to 2 P.M. every half hour.

4 to 8 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

4 past 12 to 4 past every quarter of an hour, and
from 4 to 8 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

Single Tickets may be obtained in the Cars
GENTLEMEN are requested NOT TO
SMOKE in the Tram-Way.

TICKETS for 10, 20, 30 and 50 trips down,
and TICKETS for 10, 20, 30 and 50 trips up.

25 SEASIDE, C.R. cruiser, for Lighthouses.

25, Orsetta, British str., for Shanghai.

25, Fa Mu, Chinese str., from Shanghai.

25, Nameless, Chinese str., from Shanghai.

year, but only one other of the five is expected to be fast as she. The *Majestic*, *Marathon*, and *Albion* will steam about nineteen and three-eighths knots, and over twenty-three land miles an hour, and for some time to come will be the fastest war-ships afloat. The *Mede* is officially described as a steel twin screw protected cruiser of 2,300 tons displacement, 100 feet long, 34 feet wide, 10 feet deep, breadth, 41 feet; draft, 22 feet; weight with all her weight on board she will have a free board of rather more than 12 feet. Her hull is of three-eighths Siemens-Martin steel. The stem, which is formed as a ram, and the stern-post and rudder frames are cast of phosphor bronze. The ship throughout has a double bottom and double sides, and from end to end there is a double bottom bulkhead. In her there is a protected deck deck which covers the engine-room. As a further protection, the hull is divided into seventy-five watertight compartments. The engines, each of which has a compartment to itself, are of the vertical, triple-expansion type, with inverted cylinders. Steam will be generated in four double-edged boilers, each with six corrugated flues and with a forced draught supplied by eight double-sided fans. The propellers are of phosphor bronze and three-bladed.

In action the ship will be worked from a tower on the port from another on the forecastle. Her extreme speed will be twenty knots. Her ordinary ocean speed will be from seventeen to eighteen knots, and with 400 tons of coal which she is designed to carry, her radius of action will be ten thousand miles. The cost of the *Mede* will be £1,200,000. Her armament will consist of six sixteen-inch broadside guns of central pivot mountings. Hotchkiss quick-firing six-pounders, numerous machine-guns of the Nordenfelt pattern, and six torpedo projectors, two being on each broadside, one forward and the other aft. The whole of the lighting will be provided by electricity, and there will be three searchlights of 1,000 candle-power each. It may be doubted whether such power is needed in such a craft as the *Mede*. She will, however, carry two steel masts with fore and aft canvas, but will of course have no bowsprit. The estimated cost of the ship is under £1,000,000.

THE GRAND PRIZE OF PARIS.

PARIS, 10th June.

The race for the grand prize of Paris, 100,000 francs, was run today, and was won by three boats, the *Leopold II*, *Leviathan*, and *Leviathan*.

Mr. Wyndham's cheetah colt, *Crowthery*, was second, three lengths ahead of *Bacon* De *Sauvage*, his bay colt. *Saint Gall* third. *Cherif* and *Saint Leon* made the running with *Saint Gall* third, and *Crowthery*, *Galliard* and *Saint Leon* following. This order was maintained until the top of the slope was reached, when *Crowthery* drew alongside of *Saint Gall*, while *Cherif* and *Saint Leon* were left behind.

From the start *St. Leon* steadily gained on the leaders, and before the last curve it was ahead, and was in front, going in at once.

THE DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH ARRIVED.

LONDON, 10th June.

The Duchess of Edinburgh has been robbed of a quantity of jewelry. The articles were stolen from her baggage between Cordova and Granda.

COUNT ANDREWS'S DEPARTURE.

PARIS, 10th June.

After sitting the 10th at the reception, Count Julian Andreyev tendered his resignation. He is suffering from an ailment which makes continued sitting painful.

LORD STANLEY IN CANADA.

OTTAWA, 11th June.

Lord Stanley, the new Governor-General of Canada, has already become the subject of talk by his domestic action. He was on Parliament Hill all day yesterday, after the general election, and employed his leisure time in walking up and down the boulevard, chatting with Sir A. Caron, Sir Fred. Miall, and his old de-

camp, who was re-elected chairman.

BOYCOTTING.

LONDON, 11th June.

Balfour, replying to Gladstone, declined to put on the table the evidence on which the conviction for boycotting had been obtained, and said the ends of justice were amply secured through the trial, even though the evils of boycotting would be seriously aggravated by giving publicity to the evidence.

THE O'DONNELL'S LIBEL SUIT.

LONDON, 11th June.

Enormous interest is taken in O'Donnell's libel suit against the Times, which begins the first of the week. It will be really a test of strength between the Times and Parsons, and the result of the trial will affect the political situation.

The Times' editor is an ex-member of the Liberal party, and the clergy failed in its attempt to obtain the extenuation and withdrawal of the St. Loge, which are ranked among the minor classics.

The Queen Regent of Spain has written an autograph letter to President Cleveland inviting him to Spain in July and assist at the inauguration of the statue of Columbus.

LONDON, 11th June.

Giuseppe Patroni, who took an active part in the stirring events in Rome in 1849, and who was confined for many years in the Pontifical Courts, has just died at Terni.

PARIS, 8th June.

Le Prince reaffirms the declaration that Armstrong, the famous English gun-maker, has bought the secret of the manufacture of the now terrible explosive, malolite, which it is believed will be the ultimate arbiter of peace or war.

CHICAGO, 8th June.

A dispute from Pauline Miché says.

There is no question that the breaking up of opium smuggling at this point will scatter the largest gang of crooks in the country. It is said that there are \$18,000,000 lurking them.

Charles Lippard, who kept a storehouse for opium in New York, was arrested by Inspector Lyne, who, with Agents McCall of Chicago and Hussey of New York, made their sweep of the city since Sept. 1847. Several firms they had in mind, but something always happened that they could not make a strong case.

Yesterday another important arrest was made. Charles Sanders, who kept a storehouse for opium at Indianapolis, where he shipped the same to New York, was arrested by the police.

TOMORROW.

London, 11th June.

Frank Hugh O'Donnell, two brothers and a son, who represent the family of King Edward VII, are to be received by Earl Spencer and Sir George O. Trevelyan, respectively former Lord Lieutenant and Chief Secretary of Ireland, to serve as witnesses in the trials.

The O'Donnells, who are to be received by the Queen, will be present at the trials.

PROTESTANT MISSIONS.

LONDON, 11th June.

The celebration of the centenary of Protestant missions was begun in an imposing manner Saturday. A great number of persons were present at the English Hall, of which Mr. H. H. Martyn, the rector, is the president.

A resolution was passed to give £1,200 to the Foreign Missions Committee, and £100 to the Home Missions Committee.

The Rev. Dr. Underhill, the president of the Foreign Missions Committee, gave a brief history of the proceedings of the conference and of the Protestant missionary bodies; also an outline of the important topics to be discussed.

The response of Dr. Thompson was brief, but exceedingly graceful.

Islamism was the topic of discussion before the Protestant Mission Conference this afternoon, Dr. Scott of America being among the speakers.

The Rev. Dr. Underhill presided at the evening session, and Dr. Thompson gave a general review of the work of the mission.

A COLONIAL CONFERENCE.

LONDON, 11th June.

The Colonial Secretary regards favourably the proposal of the Imperial Federation League in Canada, which has just been endorsed by the Executive Committee of the League here, viz., that a conference to discuss a plan of action if the conference has a definite and practical programme it is expected the result will be a great success as last year's colonial conference.

THE LAST FLEET REQUIRED TO LAND 100,000 MEN.

LONDON, 11th June.

In the House of Commons to-day Lord George Hamilton, First Lord of the Admiralty, proposed to the number of 11,000 men necessary to enable 100,000 troops to land in England and surprise London involved the possibility of the simultaneous landing of a gross tonnage of 180,000 tons, which would be required to transport the invading force.

He also stated that data had been obtained thirteen years ago that such an invading force from the Continent implied the distribution of invaders in ports hundreds of miles apart, with a consequent voyage of not less than a week instead of a few hours, made without opposition from a hostile party.

AMERICAN NEEDS ACCUSED OF CUTTING CANADIAN FISHING NETS.

HALIFAX, 11th June.

The fishermen on the coast to the eastward of Levens are excited over the acts of piracy of American fishermen. For some days a fleet of Americans have been off Arichat, and in the absence of cruisers have taken 10,000 tons of fish, fishing they have reported about \$5,000 worth of fish, all belonging to the stores fishermen, many of the owners, reassessing their property being destroyed. The people, of course, are indignant, and have notified the Government. The steam cruiser *Ardent* was in port here and was dispatched to the scene of the trouble at an early hour this morning, having been got ready for sea with the greatest speed, and accordingly set sail. One Robert Wilson set sail in the Gloucester sloop Alice C. Gordon out of his Island to take the fish from them.

VICTOR EMANUEL'S STATE AT BOLOGNA UNVEILED.

BOLOGNA, 11th June.

King Humbert to-day unveiled the statue of Sunday.

Vicar Victor Emanuel. The step was profusely decorated. Almost every European power and the United States were represented, and the elaborate programme was successfully carried out.

THE BISHOP OF LIMERICK AND THE PAPEL DESCRIBE.

DUBLIN, 11th June.

Most Rev. Dr. Dwyer, Bishop of Limerick, delivered a long address to the clergy of his diocese, in which he deplored the conduct of the papal legate in the position of acting and of plan of campaign as they exist in Ireland stand condemned as a violation of the moral law of charity and justice. "This," he added, "is no longer a matter of opinion. It is now the settled and certain law of the Catholic Church, which all the faithful of this diocese are bound to obey from us as their Bishop, that these bounds are sinful, and it is even more sinful to bring against faith to deny or impugn under any pretext the right of the Pope to command."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

His Lordship also observed: "So far as my authority as Bishop goes, I will exercise it to put down cover as well as open attacks upon our supreme teacher in the church. Nothing will give me greater pain than to have to excuse any justifiable attack upon the Pope, but I do not, though I feel it, feel compelled to do so."

